1. Your age group
   - Under 35 years: 0 points
   - 35 - 44 years: 2 points
   - 45 - 54 years: 4 points
   - 55 - 64 years: 6 points
   - 65 years or over: 8 points

2. Your gender
   - Female: 0 points
   - Male: 3 points

3. Your ethnicity/country of birth:
   3a. Are you of Aboriginal, Torres Strait Islander, Pacific Islander or Maori descent?
      - No: 0 points
      - Yes: 2 points
   3b. Where were you born?
      - Australia: 0 points
      - Asia (including the Indian sub-continent), Middle East, North Africa, Southern Europe: 2 points
      - Other: 0 points

4. Have either of your parents, or any of your brothers or sisters been diagnosed with diabetes (type 1 or type 2)?
   - No: 0 points
   - Yes: 3 points

5. Have you ever been found to have high blood glucose (sugar) (for example, in a health examination, during an illness, during pregnancy)?
   - No: 0 points
   - Yes: 6 points

6. Are you currently taking medication for high blood pressure?
   - No: 0 points
   - Yes: 2 points

7. Do you currently smoke cigarettes or any other tobacco products on a daily basis?
   - No: 0 points
   - Yes: 2 points

8. How often do you eat vegetables or fruit?
   - Everyday: 0 points
   - Not everyday: 1 point

9. On average, would you say you do at least 2.5 hours of physical activity per week (for example, 30 minutes a day on 5 or more days a week)?
   - Yes: 0 points
   - No: 2 points

10. Your waist measurement taken below the ribs (usually at the level of the navel, and while standing)
    Waist measurement (cm) [enter value]

    For those of Asian or Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander descent:
    - Men:
      - Less than 90 cm: 0 points
      - 90 – 100 cm: 2 points
      - More than 100 cm: 4 points
    - Women:
      - Less than 80 cm: 0 points
      - 80 – 90 cm: 2 points
      - More than 90 cm: 4 points

Add up your points [enter total]

Your risk of developing type 2 diabetes within 5 years*: 
- 5 or less: Low risk
  Approximately one person in every 100 will develop diabetes.
- 6 – 11: Intermediate risk
  For scores of 6–8, approximately one person in every 50 will develop diabetes. For scores of 9–11, approximately one person in every 30 will develop diabetes.
- 12 or more: High risk
  For scores of 12–15, approximately one person in every 14 will develop diabetes. For scores of 16–19, approximately one person in every 7 will develop diabetes. For scores of 20 and above, approximately one person in every three will develop diabetes.

*The overall score may overestimate the risk of diabetes in those aged less than 25 years.

If you scored 6–11 points in the AUSRISK you may be at increased risk of type 2 diabetes. Discuss your score and your individual risk with your doctor. Improving your lifestyle may help reduce your risk of developing type 2 diabetes.

If you scored 12 points or more in the AUSRISK you may have undiagnosed type 2 diabetes or be at high risk of developing the disease. See your doctor about having a fasting blood glucose test. Act now to prevent type 2 diabetes.