



MONASH University

Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences

# Comparison of International pharmacy curricula

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# Overview

- Which courses will be compared?
- Comparison
  - Similarities
  - Differences
- Balance between science and practice components?
- Final thoughts



# Which courses will be compared?

- Australia, UK, USA and Canada
  - Europe and Asia
  
- Basis for comparison
  - Cyril Tonkin visits
  - Website information
  - Some assumptions made
    - representative schools chosen
    - 4 general curriculum areas
      - Basic/enabling sciences (shaded pink)
      - Pharmaceuticals/Drug Delivery (shaded blue)
      - Therapeutics/Clinical sciences (shaded yellow)
      - Professional/Pharmacy Practice (shaded green)

# Australian Curriculum example (Monash)

<b>Semester 1, Year 1</b>	<b>Physicochemical basis of pharmacy</b>	<b>Introduction to physiology</b>	<b>Organic Chemistry</b>	<b>Pharmacy, Health and Society I</b>
<b>Semester 2, Year 1</b>	<b>Drug Delivery 1</b>	<b>Systems Physiology</b>	<b>Chemistry of Biomolecules</b>	<b>Pharmacy, Health and Society II</b>
<b>Semester 1, Year 2</b>	<b>Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</b>	<b>Basis of Drug Action I</b>	<b>Cell function, communication and pathology</b>	<b>Pharmacists as Communicators</b>
<b>Semester 2, Year 2</b>	<b>Drug Delivery and Disposition</b>	<b>Basis of Drug action II</b>	<b>Integrated Therapeutics- Introduction and Cardiovascular</b>	<b>Pharmacy in a public Health context</b>
<b>Semester 1, Year 3</b>	<b>Drug Delivery, Disposition and Dynamics</b>	<b>Microbiology and immunology</b>	<b>Integrated Therapeutics- Respiratory and Gastrointestinal</b>	<b>Contexts for practice I</b>
<b>Semester 2, Year 3</b>	<b>Drug Delivery II</b>	<b>Integrated Therapeutics- Infectious Diseases</b>	<b>Integrated Therapeutics- Endocrinology and Renal disease</b>	<b>Contexts for practice II</b>
<b>Semester 1, Year 4</b>	<b>Drug Delivery and Development</b>	<b>Elective</b>	<b>Integrated Therapeutics- Dermatology and pain</b>	<b>Professional Experience Placement program</b>
<b>Semester 2, Year 4</b>	<b>Advanced Clinical Practice</b>	<b>Integrated Therapeutics- Psychiatry</b>	<b>Integrated Therapeutics- Neurology and Oncology</b>	<b>Contexts for practice III</b>

# Australian Curriculum – BPharm/MPharm

- Based on advanced level secondary school
  - Entry pre-requisites include Chemistry, English and Mathematics
- Australian Pharmacy Council Indicative Curriculum
  - BPharm (8 semester, 4 year undergraduate program)
  - MPharm (6 semester, 2 or 3 year post-graduate program)
- Not eligible for registration on graduation
  - All graduates complete an Intern year (48 weeks)
  - Registration examination
    - Written competency examination
      - 125 MCQs: Calculations; Forensic/ethics; Practice-based questions
    - Oral examination consisting of four parts:
      - Part 1 Medication Knowledge and Counselling
      - Part 2 Primary Healthcare
      - Part 3 Legal and Ethical Practice
      - Part 4 Problem Solving & Communication (time limited open book)

# Experiential learning - Australia

- Length of placements in undergraduate programs varies between schools
  - Monash has 12 weeks (432 hours) supervised placements
    - 4 compulsory, structured 3 week placements
      - 2 hospital, 1 community and 1 rural
- 12 months experiential placement prior to registration
  - Undertaken in either hospital or community setting
  - Must also satisfactorily complete an approved pre-registration training course
    - Monash course
      - Moderated on-line discussion groups (clinical and professional topics)
      - Face-to face seminars
        - » Standardised patients with small groups
        - » Lectures on selected topics

# UK Curriculum example (Manchester)

Autumn –Year 1	Pharmaceutical & Biological Chemistry 1	Physiology & Pharmacology 1	Laboratory Studies in Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Physiology & Pharmacology	Cellular Biochemistry & Introductory Microbiology	Practical Dispensing & the Science of Medicines Manufacture		Professional Skills 1: Introduction to Pharmacy Practice
Spring – Year 1		Physiology & Pharmacology 2					
Autumn – Year 2	Pharmaceutics 2 : Pharmaceutical Technology	Physiology & Pharmacology 3	Laboratory Studies in Pharmaceutical Sciences	Pharmaceutical Analysis & Spectroscopy	Pharmaceutical & Biological Chemistry 2		Pharmaceutical Microbiology
Spring – Year 2	Biopharmaceutics	Physiology & Pharmacology 4			Natural Products & Medicine		Professional Skills 2: Pharmacist-patient partnerships in health and illness
Autumn -Year 3	Advanced Drug Delivery I	Molecular Pharmacology	Laboratory Studies in Pharmacology &Pharmaceutical Sciences III	Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Design 1	Nutrition in Health & Disease	Social Sciences & Pharmacy	Professional Skills 3: Pharmacy Law & Dispensing
Spring – Year 3		Toxicology - Clinical, Environmental &Experimental Aspects	Disease and the Goals of Treatment	Quality In Medicines Design and Usage	Sterile Production		
Autumn –Year 4			Bimolecular Therapeutics	Immuno-pharmacology and Treatment of Chronic Diseases	Microbial Disease and Pathogenicity		Preparation for Practice
Spring – Year 4	Project Study				Elective		Elective



# UK Curriculum – MPharm

- Based on advanced level secondary school pre-requisites
  - Chemistry and other sciences
- Based on an RPSGB Indicative Curriculum
  - MPharm
    - 4 year undergraduate program (5-year 'sandwich' program)
    - No defined placements during undergraduate program
    - All students must undertake a research program
- Not eligible for registration on graduation
  - All graduates complete an Intern year (5th year) or intercalated placements
    - Supervised placement
    - Pass two written examinations
      - One closed book
      - One open book and calculations



# Experiential learning - UK

- Limited placements in undergraduate curriculum
  - Range from 2-22 days in total
  - Usually shadow a pharmacist
- Research project is often practice-based
  - Provides practice exposure for some students
- 12 months experiential placement prior to registration
  - Undertaken in either hospital or community setting
    - Usually only one setting, sometimes two

# USA curriculum example (Colorado)

Yr 1	Sem 1	Profession of pharmacy 1	IPPE 1	Anatomy & physiology 1	Biochemistry 1	Principles of drug action	
	Sem 2	Profession of Pharmacy 2	IPPE 2	Anatomy & physiology 2	Biochemistry 2	Drug Development 1	
Yr 2	Sem 1	Profession of Pharmacy 3	IPPE 3	Pharmacotherapy of Infectious disease 1	Pharmacotherapy of Cardiovascular disease 1	Drug Development 2	
	Sem 2	Profession of Pharmacy 4	IPPE 4	Pharmacotherapy of Infectious disease 2	Gastroenterology/ Nutrition	Drug Development 3	Advanced pharmaceutical Care 1
Yr 3	Sem 1	Profession of Pharmacy 5	IPPE 5	Immunology	Pulmonology/ Rheumatology	Endocrinology	Professional elective
	Sem 2	Profession of Pharmacy 6	IPPE 6	Oncology/ Hematology	Neurology/ Psychiatry	Professional elective	Advanced pharmaceutical Care 2
Yr 4	Sem 1	APPE1	APPE 2	APPE 3	APPE 4		
	Sem 2	APPE 5	APPE 6	APPE 7	Pharm D seminar		

# USA Curriculum –PharmD

- Based on college level pre-requisites
  - basic sciences – chemistry, anatomy, mathematics (Mostly not taught in context of the pharmacy degree)
- ACPE indicative curriculum
  - 4 year PharmD program
    - Based on core competencies from CAPE outcomes
      - » Provide patient-centered care; Work in interdisciplinary teams; Employ evidence-based practice; Apply quality improvement; Utilise informatics
      - » Biochemistry, pharmaceuticals, pharmacology, pharmacy practice (law, ethics, communication, dispensing), clinical therapeutics
      - » IPPEs and APPEs
- Eligible for registration on/soon after graduation
  - NAPLEX 185 item MCQ registration examination (75% pass score)
    - follow a scenario-based pattern, with each question backed with accompanying patient profile
  - provides an accurate assessment of an individual's skills and competence to practice as a licensed pharmacist

# Experiential learning - USA

- 300 hours of IPPE during first 3 years of course
  - Variety of programs that may involve:
    - shadowing a pharmacist with some patient contact activities
    - Service learning experiences
    - Patient-focused community experience
- 36 weeks of APPE in fourth year
  - generally 6 x 6 week or 7 x 5 week (+1) required and elective rotations
    - 5 required rotations
      - community pharmacy, hospital pharmacy, ambulatory care, specialty populations, acute care medicine
    - Elective rotations
      - additional rotations in the core areas
      - with groups such as AACP, ASHP & FDA
      - academia

# Canadian Curriculum example (Toronto)

Sem1, Year 1	Introductory Organic Chemistry I	Human Anatomy and Histology		Physical Chemistry for Pharmacy	Microbiology of Infectious Diseases	Introduction to Applied Pharmaceutical Sciences	Professiona I Communica tion Skills in Pharmacy Practice	Introduction to Statistics	Professional Practice I	Introduction to the Profession of Pharmacy
Sem 2, Year 1	Introductory Organic Chemistry II							Professional Practice I Laboratory		
Sem1, Year 2	Medicinal Chemistry		Basic Human Physiology	Introduction to Biochemistry & Molecular Biology		Pharmaceutics	Health Systems in Society I		Professional Practice II	Pharmaceutical Care Ia
Sem 2, Year 2			Pharmacology I	Introductory Metabolic Biochemistry			Methods of Pharmaceutical Analysis		Professional Practice II Laboratory	Pharmaceutical Care Ia
Sem1, Year 3	Pharmacolog y/Medicinal Chemistry	Pharmacology II	Pharmacokinetics		Applications of Pharmaceutical Analysis	Pharmacy Practice Management I	Clinical Biochemistry/ Pathophysiolo gy/Pathology	Pharmaceutic al Care II	Pharmaceutical Care Ib	
Sem 2, Year 3	Tutorial	Introductory Toxicology			Professional Practice III	Professional Practice III Laboratory				
Sem1, Year 4	Pharmacy Practice Seminar		Professional Practice IV			Health Systems in Society II		Pharmacy Practice Research		Pharmaceutical Care III
Sem 2, Year 4	Electives		Selected Topics in the Pharmaceutical Industry or Pharmacy Practice Management in the Community or Institutional Pharmacy Practice Management					SPEP - Institution (35 hours per week for 8 weeks)		SPEP - Community (35 hours per week for 8 weeks)

# Canadian Curriculum - BScPhm

- Based on first year university pre-requisites
  - Chemistry, English and Mathematics
    - Not taught in context of the pharmacy degree
- Based on Canadian Council for Accreditation of Pharmacy Programs standards and guidelines
  - BScPhm
    - 4 year undergraduate program
- Not eligible for registration on graduation
  - To register must:
    - successfully complete a minimum of 12 weeks of Structured Practical Training (SPT) Internship
    - pass the Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence Examination
    - pass the PEBC Qualifying Examination Parts I and II
      - Part 1 is 300 MCQs
      - Part II is a 16 station OSCE

# Experiential learning - Canada

- 16 weeks in undergraduate course
  - 8 weeks in community
  - 8 weeks in another institution
    - designed to provide students with a variety of opportunities to apply their knowledge and skills
    - structured around a number of formalised activities, each designed to lead to the attainment of specific learning objectives.
- 12 weeks pre-registration placement



# Similarities

- Teaching Modes
  - Similar modes, different emphasis
    - Large group lectures
    - Practical classes
      - Laboratory classes
      - Dispensing
    - Tutorials
    - Flexible learning modes
      - Flexible delivery
      - Use of technology
    - Experiential Placements



# Similarities with all courses

- Patient focused curricula
  - Traditional sciences
    - Basic Chemistry and Mathematics
      - Taught within program in Australia and UK
      - Taught both outside and within course in Canada
      - Mostly taught outside the program in USA
    - Pharmaceutical sciences
      - Drug action and Drug development
  - Clinical and Social sciences
    - Communication
    - Law and ethics
    - Therapeutics
  - Compounding

# Differences between countries

Criteria	Australia	UK	USA	Canada
<b>Registerable Degree awarded</b>	BPharm or MPharm	MPharm	Pharm D	BScPhm
<b>Average age at entry</b>	19	19	24-25	20
<b>Admission criteria</b>	BPharm - ATAR, pre-requisites & UMAT  MPharm - Degree GPA, pre-requisites and interview	A levels and interview	GPA, PCAT, numerous pre-requisites, essay, references, application form and interview	GPA and pre-requisites, PCAT and application form (some interview)
<b>Undergraduate Experiential component</b>	~ 12 weeks in undergraduate course	2-22 days in undergraduate course	As undergraduate  300 hours –IPPE  36 weeks APPE	16 weeks as undergraduate
<b>Curriculum</b>	Different emphasis on Basic Science, Pharmaceutics, Pharmacy Practice & Therapeutics			
<b>Compulsory Pre-registration</b>	48 weeks after graduation	52 weeks after graduation	none	12 weeks after graduation

# What Degree is awarded?

Australia	Canada	UK	USA
<b>BPharm</b>	<b>BScPhm</b>	<b>MPharm</b>	<b>PharmD</b>
Entry from secondary school	Entry after 1 year university	Entry from secondary school	Entry after minimum 2 years university
4 year course	4 year course	4 year course	4 year course
Experiential placements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12 wks undergraduate</li> <li>• 48 wks internship</li> </ul>	Experiential placements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16 wks undergraduate</li> <li>• 12 wks internship</li> </ul>	Experiential placements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Limited (2-22 days)</li> <li>• 52 wks internship</li> </ul>	Experiential placements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 300 hours (~8 wks) IPPE</li> <li>• 36 wks APPE</li> </ul>
Research project possible, but not mandatory	Research project possible, but not mandatory	Mandatory Research project	Research project possible, but not mandatory

# What about Europe and Asia??

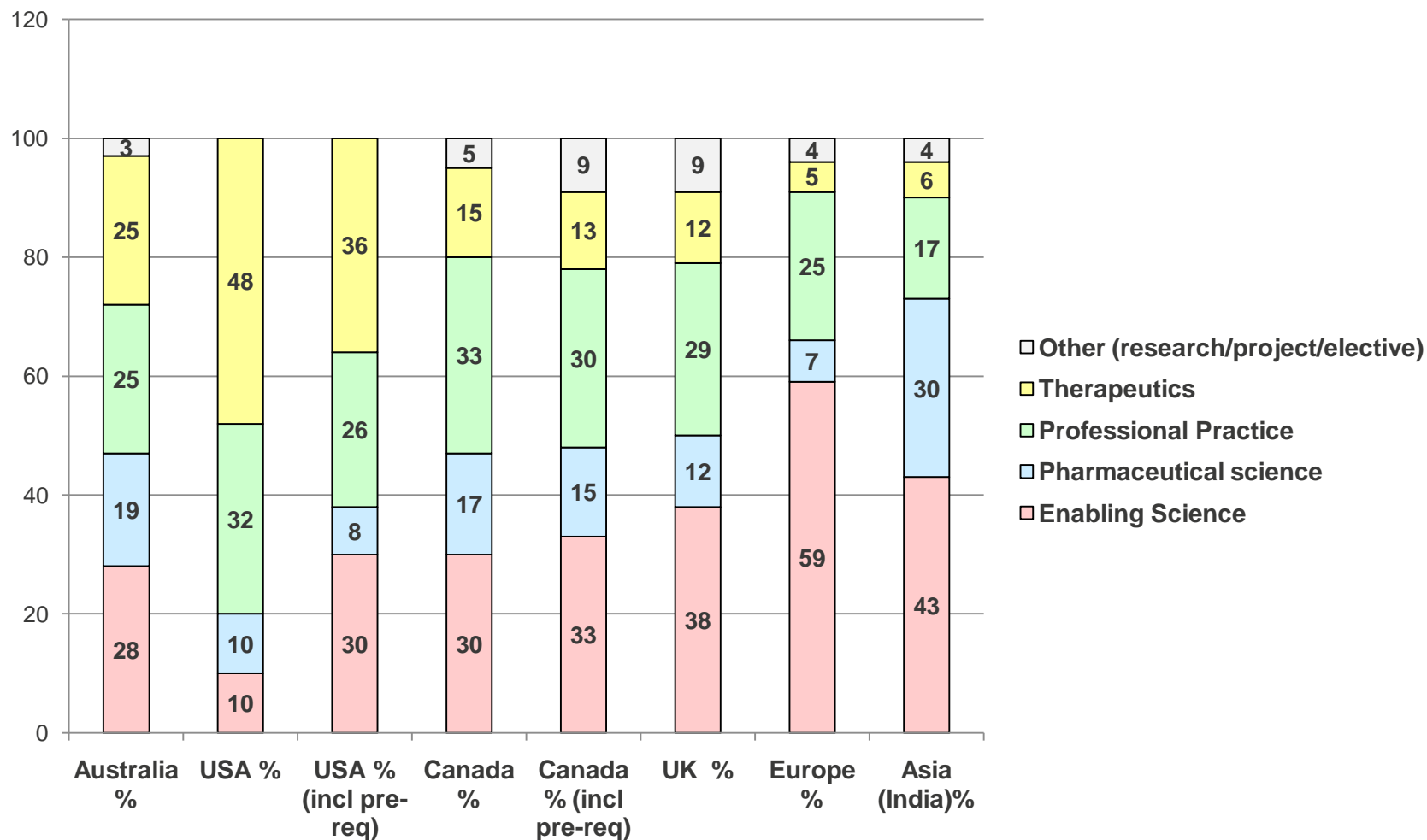
Year 1, semester 1a	Introduction to Life on Earth	Biochemistry: Theory	Cell Biology: Theory	Genetics	Minimal Cell: Practical	
Semester 1b	Complex Organism: Practical	Diversity, Ecology and Behaviour	Immunology and Oncology	Physiology & Pharmacology		
Year 1, semester 2a	Molecules and Reactivity	Biomathematics	Biostatistics	Pharmacy in Perspective	Europe - Netherlands	
Semester 2b	Human Physiology	Pathology	Pharmaceutical Analysis A			
Year2, semester 1a	Bio-organic chemistry	Receptor Pharmacology				
Semester 1b	Organic Chemistry Practical	Structure of molecules	Pharmacology: Practical	Integrative Neurobiology	Medical Genetics	Pharmaceutical analysis B
Year 2, semester 2a	Biomathematics	Biostatistics	Endocrinology	Molecular biology and Medical biology	Cell Biology II	
Semester 2b	Mathematics B	Spectroscopy	Medical Physiology			
Year 3, semester 1a	Drug Group II: Circulatory & vitamins	Drug Group IV: Infections & Tumours	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	Therapy Supporting tools		
Semester 1b	Drug Group III: Endocrine system	Drug Production and research	Profession -Evidence Based methods for practice			
Year 3, semester 2a	Introduction to Pharmacotherapy	Pharmaceutical Compounding and Dispensing Practical	Pharmaceutical Compounding and Dispensing Theory			
Semester 2b	General Pharmacotherapy	Communication (pharmacy)	Internship - Management	Pharmacy Management		
Year 4, semester 1a	Choosing a pharmacy career	General Studies Module (AVV) (Full Year)	Pharmacy Research Project (Full Year)			
Year 5, semester 1a	Ethics and Legislation	Internship -Public Pharmacy	Pharmaceutical Biology and Phytotherapy			
Semester 1b	Communication in Care	Pharmacist and Pharmacy organisation	Pharmacist and Patient Care organisation	Specialist Pharmacotherapy		
Year 5, semester 2a	Internship -Hospital pharmacy	Pharmacy Game -GIMMICS				21
Semester 2b	Internship -Practical Research					

# Asia –(Amrita School of Pharmacy, India)

<b>Sem 1</b>	Pharmaceutical Chemistry I & II (Inorganic)	Human anatomy and Physiology	Value-based Education and environment science	Computer application and audio visual programmes	Dispensing Pharmacy I	Principles of Hospital Pharmacy
<b>Sem 2</b>	Pharmaceutical Chemistry –II (Elementary Organic Chemistry)	Human anatomy and Physiology II	Mathematics and biostatics	Basic concepts of social life and psychology	Dispensing Pharmacy II	Drug Store management (Hospital Pharmacy II)
<b>Sem 3</b>	Pharmaceutical Chemistry III (Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry)	Pharmaceutical Analysis I	Pharmaceutical Technology	Pharmacognosy I	Physical Pharmacy 1	Social and Community Pharmacy
<b>Sem 4</b>	Pharmaceutical Chemistry IV (Heterocyclic & Stereochemistry)	Pharmaceutical Chemistry V (Biochemistry)	General Pharmacology	Pharmacognosy II	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	Physical Pharmacy II
<b>Sem 5</b>	Pharmaceutical Chemistry VI (Chemistry of synthetic drugs)	Systemic Pharmacology I	General pathophysiology	Phytochemistry	Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics	Pharmaceutical biotechnology
<b>Sem 6</b>	Pharmaceutical Chemistry VII (Medicinal Chemistry)	Systematic Pharmacology II	Pharmaceutical analysis II	Research in Pharmacy & Clinical Research trials	Pharmacy Practice- Concepts and management	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence
<b>Sem 7</b>	Industrial Pharmacognosy	Formulation Technology	Pharmaceutical analysis III	Pharmacotherapy I	Project	
<b>Sem 8</b>	Pharmaceutical Chemistry VIII (Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Design)	Industrial Pharmacy	Biochemical Pharmacology (Biological Screening & Drug Development)	Pharmacotherapy II	Project	Clinical Pharmacy Practice



# Course content comparison - units of study



# Are the pharmacy curricula appropriate?

- Probably –depends on local needs
- No ‘one size fits all’
  - Australia, Canada and UK balance of sciences and practice
  - USA – leans toward practice, with science pre-pharmacy
  - Europe – more emphasis on traditional sciences
  - Asia – more emphasis on enabling and pharmaceutical sciences

	Australia	USA	Canada	UK	Europe	Asia
<b>Traditional Sciences</b>	47	20 (38*)	47 (48*)	50	66	73
<b>Social Sciences</b>	50	80 (62*)	48 (52*)	41	30	23

\*including relevant pre-pharmacy coursework

# Final thoughts

- Curricula
  - Similar content, different emphasis
  - Basic science underpinning practice
    - patient-focused care
    - medication management
    - therapeutics
- Not 'one size fits all'
  - Curricula needs to graduate practitioners suitable for local needs
- Similar course length
  - If pre-entry standards and internship included
  - Generally longer in Europe
- Different selection process, but similar overall criteria
- Different Degree awarded
  - May add to/cause confusion