

Perspectives on interprofessional student learning in a simulated clinical environment

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Objectives

- Appreciate the complexities and challenges involved in designing and delivering an IP curriculum
- Understand the importance and role of simulation in IP learning experiences
- Identify the successful components of an IP curriculum

Interprofessional education

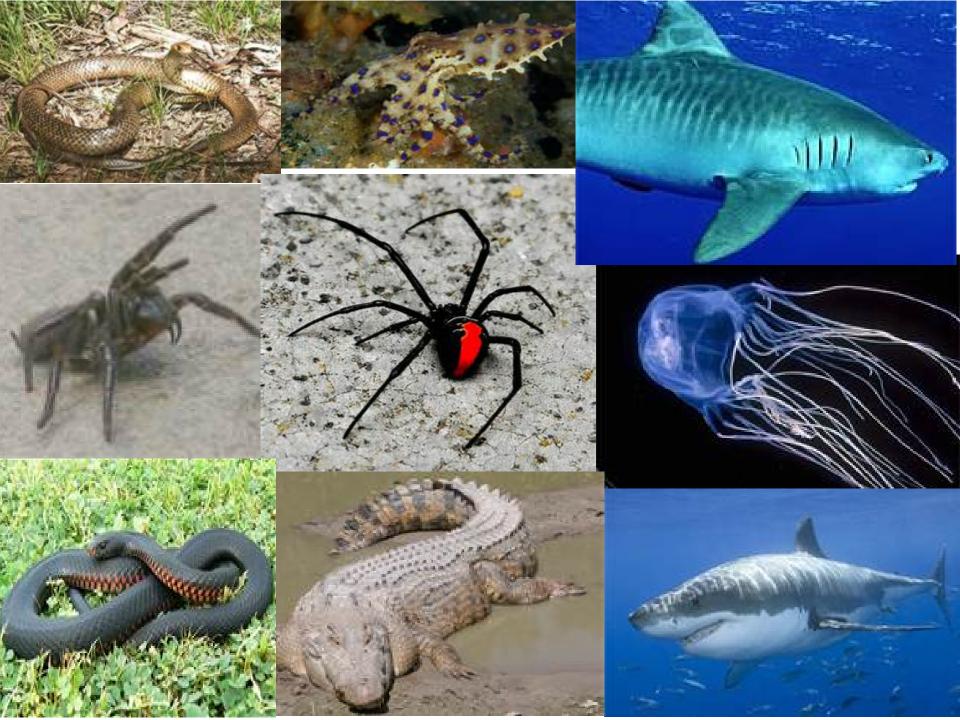
Learn

With

From

About

Each other



River Thame, Oxfordshire, England







Background

- Increased Clinical Training Capacity grant
 - Increase clinical placements
 - medicine, nursing, occupational therapy, pharmacy and physiotherapy
 - Develop and implement an IP Curriculum
- Curriculum group comprising above professions



Outline

- Development of the IP curriculum
- Implementation challenges
- Evaluation of the curriculum
 - Quantitative
 - Qualitative
- Personal perspectives and insights



Why an interprofessional curriculum?

When healthcare is sub-optimal root causes:

- ineffective working relationships
- poor team work
- inadequate sharing of clinical documentation
- inadequate understanding of and respect for the contributions of other clinical professions



Curriculum development - Purpose

Providing students the opportunity to;

- Further develop interpersonal skills,
- Demonstrate their role in the multidisciplinary team and
- Expand their understanding and respect for the contributions of other health professionals



Curriculum Development - Aims

Students will gain understanding and further develop skills in:-

- Communication within teams
- How teams function
- Roles of professional colleagues
- Conflict resolution to reach 'consensus' in decision making to ensure safe and effective patient care

Curriculum development - Objectives

- Importance of communication
- Demonstrate
 - skills in effective communication and collaboration
 - skills in building and maintaining relationships
 - respect for the skills, responsibilities and contribution
 - Active participation within a team
- Describe the roles, skills, responsibilities and contributions.
- Demonstrate respect for the skills, responsibilities and contribution
- Develop an understanding of the importance of reflection



Curriculum Activities Developed

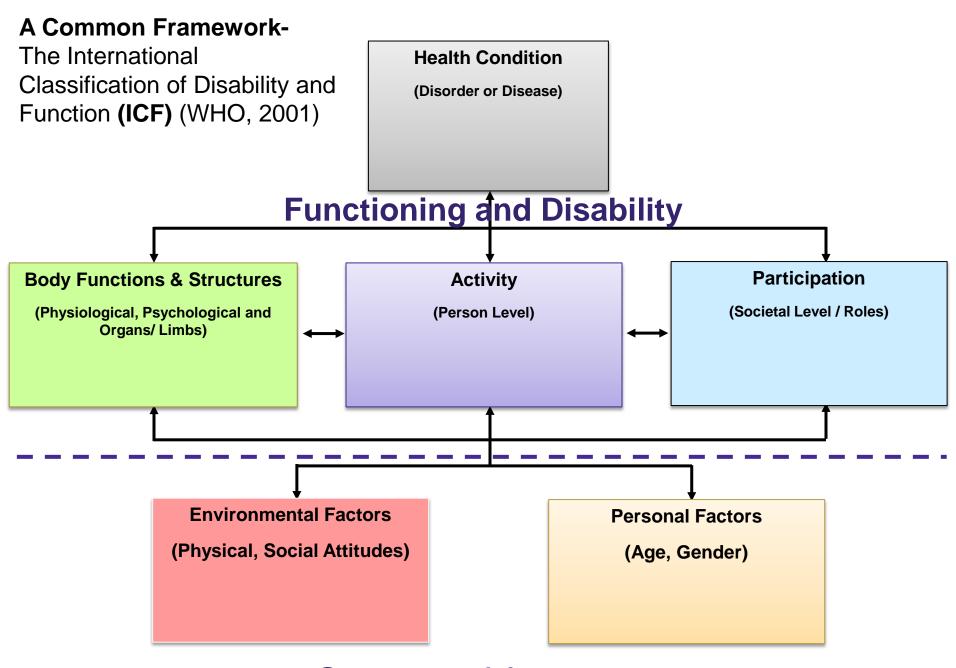
Case Conference Ward Round

Role Play



Case Conferences

- Student group provided with a case history
- Session One discussion
 - Patients issues from own discipline perspective
- Session Two –
 discussion/presentation
 - Complete the ICF framework
 - Develop management plan

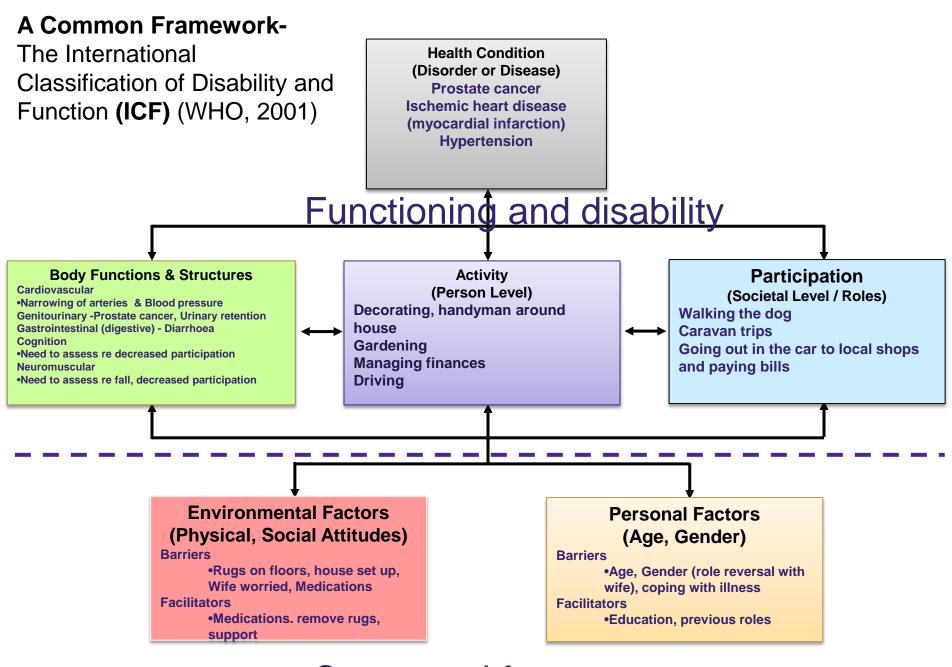


Contextual factors

A Case example – you are the multidisciplinary team in the oncology out-patients

- George 72-year-old diagnosed with prostate cancer
 12 months ago -6 month check up
- Heart attack 5 years ago, Hypertension 10 years
- Experienced three Falls at home when going from sitting to standing
- Live with wife and is DIY fanatic decorates/ gardener
- Lost confidence
 - Much less DIY –get in a man (or woman)
 - Used to look after finances at home –drove to shops to pay bills
 - Stopped caravanning used to go once per month
- Ex miner –a mans man.





Contextual factors

Management Plan

Issue identified	Plan for resolution of issue	Profession to coordinate the plan
Falls prevention	Home visit to proper assess environment (rugs etc) Assess muscle strength/ balance	OT PT
Orthostatic hypotension Decreased	Review Family involvement for holidays, walking	Nurse, GP, Pharm, PT Social worker, OT,
participation Loss of confidence	Need to explore reasons for this – could be related to fall	Family PT, GP, Psychologist





Case Topics

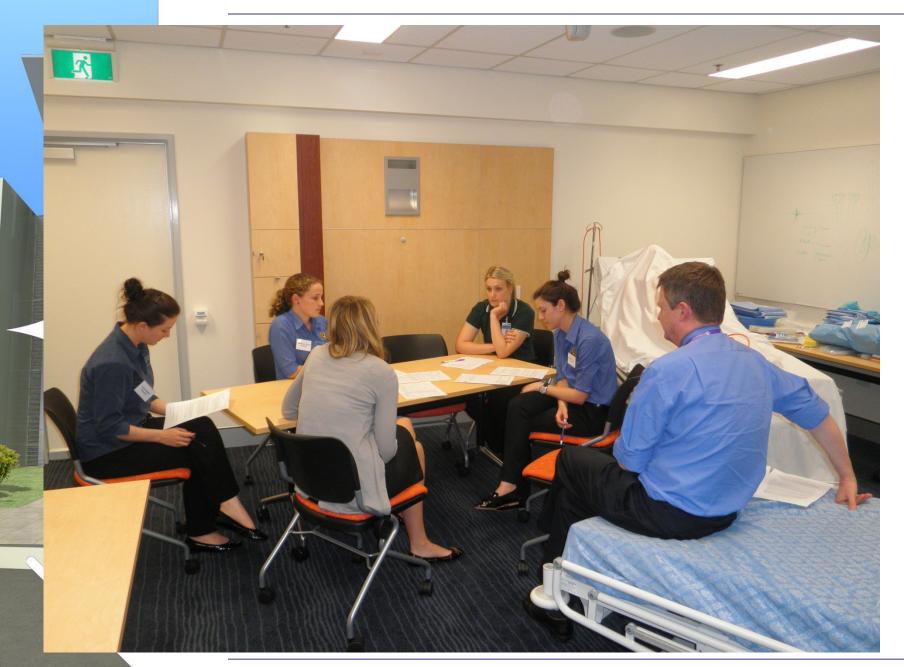
- 1. Type 2 DM with below knee amputation
- 2. Refugee from Sudan who is 30 weeks pregnant
- 3. Indigenous gentleman with a MI → regional hosp
- 4. Elderly lady with delirium/confusionearly dementia,
- 5. Young lady who suffers an ischaemic stroke



Simulation Role Plays

Students given a context and 'script'

- Reflects flow of interactions in practice environment
- Communication with
 - Patients
 - Other healthcare professionals
- Key knowledge provided
- Feedback (debrief) with facilitator





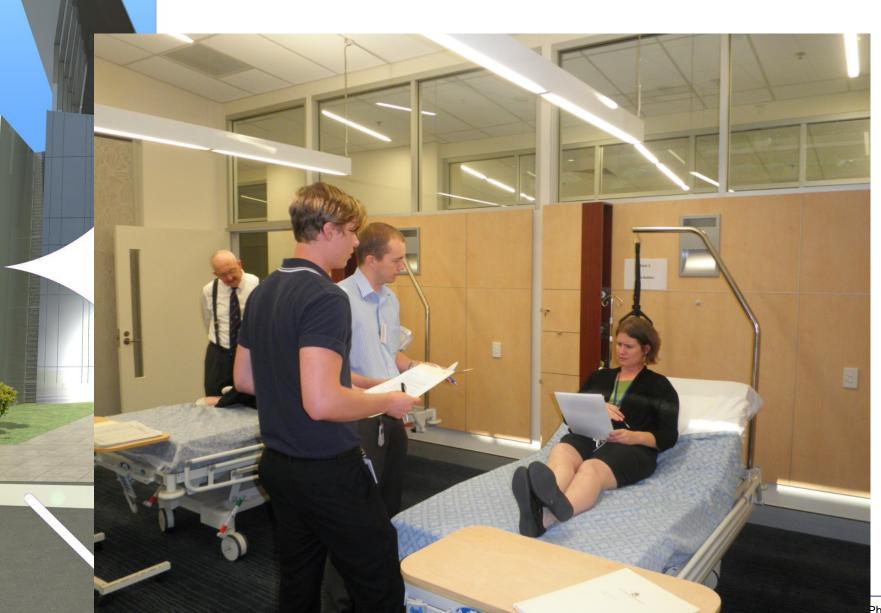
Simulation Role Play Scenarios

- Hip replacement thromboembolism risk
- Hip replacement potassium & ADLs
- 3. Deep vein thrombosis warfarin and stockings
- 4. Knee replacement ADLs and blood glucose levels.

Simulation Ward area Ward Rounds Three patients

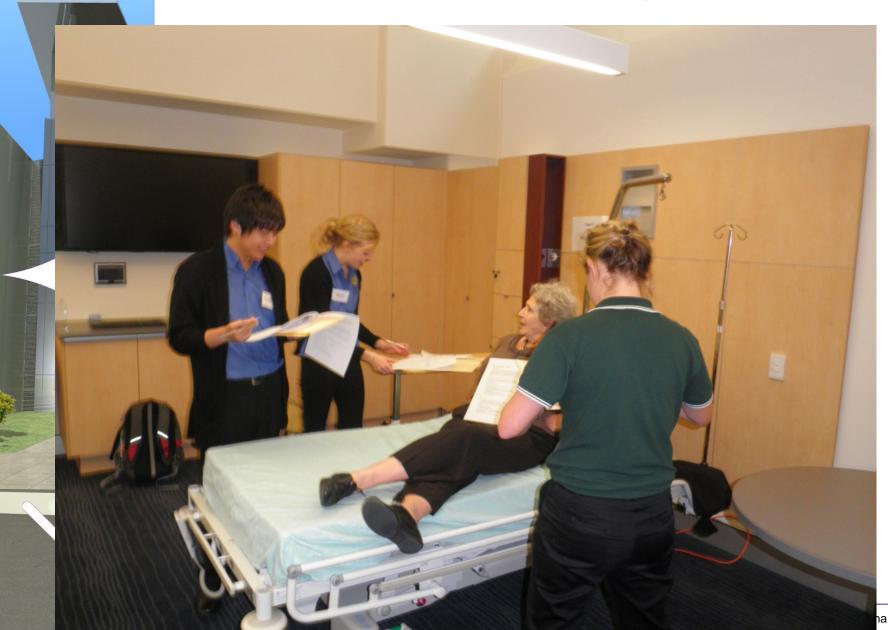


Information at end of the bed



harmac

10 minutes to interview patient





Conduct a ward round with consultant physician – all disciplines

Discuss what going on and Plans for next 24 hours





Simulation Ward Rounds Cases

1. Fractured neck of femur day 3 post-op

2. An elderly stroke patient day three

3. A post-take ward round for a lady admitted with de-compensated heart failure who also has rheumatoid arthritis.



Curriculum Activities Timeframe

- 1. Activity (90 mins)
- 2. Afternoon tea (30 mins)
- 3. Case conference presentation(45-60 min)

Students participated in all three activities over 4 to 6 weeks



Implementation Challenges – Timetabling

Pharmacy - 3rd
year
Pharmacy - 4th
year
OT - 3rd year
OT- final year
Medicine - 3rd
year
Medicine 4th
year
Physiotherapy

Medic Nursir Occup Pharn Physic





Implementation Challenges – Timetabling

- Release from placement each Wednesday afternoon
- Presence of all professions every week
- Balance of professions between each group



Implementation and Delivery

- Curriculum implemented four times;
- Evaluation of students using survey
 - Readiness for Interprofessional Learning Scale (RIPLS)
- All students surveyed
 - Start of first session
 - End of last session

RIPLS Subscales

- Teamwork and collaboration
 - Willingness to share knowledge and skills († score)
- Negative professional identity
 - Want to learn with other professions (reverse score - ↑ score)
- Positive professional identity
 - Value working with students from healthcare disciplines († score)
- Roles and responsibilities
 - Clearer picture of own roles and that of others (\upsilon score)



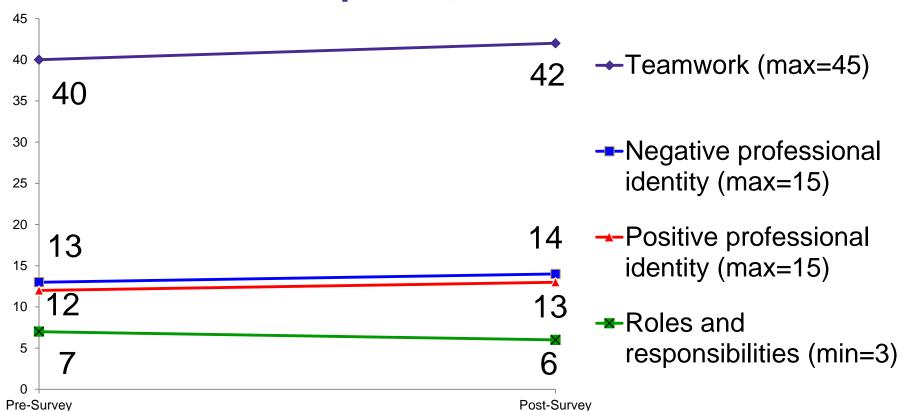
Results

"It was great !!"

Student cohort, n=89 (107)

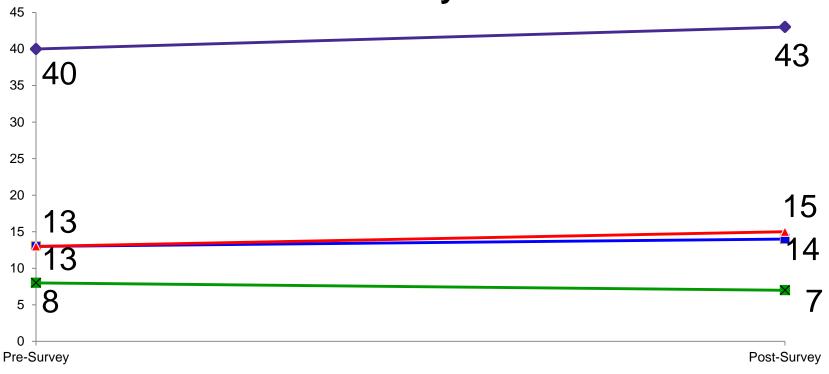
Age (mean [SD]) years	24 (±3.5)
Gender	n (%)
Female	65 (73)
Male	24 (27)
Discipline	
Pharmacy	31 (35)
Medicine	20 (22)
Physiotherapy	15(17)
Occupational Therapy	13 (15)
Nursing	10 (11)
Previous work in Healthcare	28(32)

All Disciplines, RIPLS scores



	Teamwork	Negative	Positive	Roles and
		professional	professional	responsibilities
		identity	identity	
Z	-4.692	-3.797	-4.312	-3.384
P value	p<0.005	p<0.005	P<0.005	p=0.001
r	0.50	0.40	0.46	0.36

Pharmacy RIPLS scores



	Teamwork	professional	Positive professional identity	Roles and responsibilities
Z	-4.389	-2.370	-3.464	-2.757
P value	p<0.005	p=0.018	p=0.001	p=0.006
r	0.79	0.43	0.62	0.50

Discussion - RIPLS

Positive attitude towards Interprofessional Learning.

Want to share knowledge and skills

Learn with other professions

Value working with students from healthcare disciplines

 Developed a clearer picture of own roles and that of others



Feedback - What was useful about the integrated case activities and why?

Learnt about the roles of the other health professionals;

- "Scope and knowledge"
- "Perception"
- "Familiarisation"
- "Contribution of team to patient care"

"Learning about the role of other professions and how to provide holistic care for the patient and working together."

"Seeing what other professions do by partaking in activities quite different to what we've done in uni."



What was not so useful about the integrated case activities and why?

How could the integrated case activities be improved?

"Adequate representation from all health discipline groups"

Unsolicited comments

"Really enjoyed being part of IPE... found it incredibly beneficial - felt that I understand other professionals roles much better because of it."

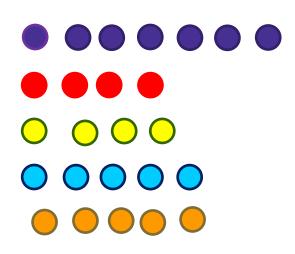
"Just wanted to say I have really enjoyed participating in IPE and we all think it is of tremendous benefit!! I can't believe how little I knew about the fellow allied health team! So thank you!"

Mellor, Cottrell, Moran. J Interprofessional Care 2013, 1-6

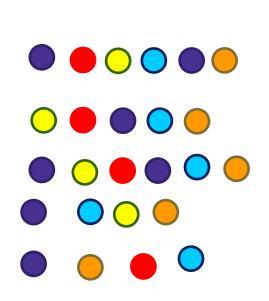


Personal Perceptions and Insights

Change in the students from the first to last session



Week One



Week Two



Personal Perceptions and Insights

- Change in the students from the first to last session
- Level of engagement
- Authentic scenario content and context—they related to practice (Relevance ++++)



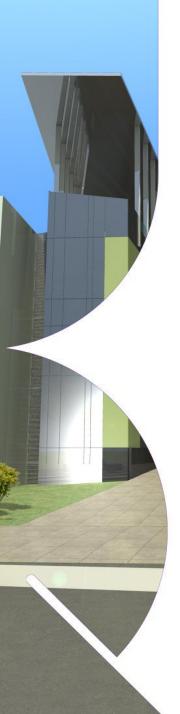
Personal Perceptions and Insights

- Clinicians/ academics who were skilled educators
- Risk free environment
- No assessment involved
 - representing own profession
- Simulation rooms
 - enhanced the experience



Personal Perceptions and Insights Pharmacy students

- Teamwork
 - Appreciation of what they can contribute
- Confidence
 - Realisation of their own knowledge
- Knowledge still to know
 - Realisation that others know about drugs



Conclusion

Successful curriculum

- Finance and faculty backing
- Relevance f activities

Simulation environment

- Simulation of patients
- Room simulation not as critical

Challenges

Timetabling



Acknowledgements

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•Chair Dr Neil Cottrell

Physiotherapy Dr Susan Waller

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Increased Clinical Training Capacity Grant

All Tutors / Greenslopes Private Hospital staff involved in the IPE activity