

Deprescribing Algorithm: Benzodiazepines and Z-drugs for insomnia



**SUPPORT
Meds**

Why is the person taking a benzodiazepine or Z-drug (BZRA)?

If unsure, find out if history of anxiety, past psychiatrist visit, started in hospital for sleep, or grief reaction.

An indication other than insomnia, e.g.:

- other sleeping disorders
- unmanaged anxiety, depression, physical or mental condition that may be causing or aggravating insomnia
- anxiety disorder where the BZRA has been effective
- alcohol withdrawal
- seizure disorders
- end-of-life care.

Continue BZRA

- Minimise use of substances that worsen insomnia (e.g. caffeine, alcohol).
- Treat underlying condition.
- Consider consulting psychologist, psychiatrist or sleep specialist.

Insomnia in a person
65 years or older [NB1]

Engage person

(discuss potential risks and benefits of deprescribing, and the plan for tapering, support and monitoring)

Recommend deprescribing

Taper and then stop BZRA

(strong recommendation from systematic review and GRADE approach)

- Taper slowly in collaboration with patient, for example 5 to 25% dose reductions every 1 to 4 weeks, with slower or faster tapers depending on dose and duration of use. [NB2]
- Offer behavioural sleeping advice; consider CBTi. [NB3]

Monitor and regularly review during tapering

Expected benefits:

- May improve alertness, cognition and daytime sedation, and reduce falls

Withdrawal symptoms:

- Sleeplessness, nightmares, anxiety, restlessness, irritability, sweating, tremors, high blood pressure, fast heartbeat (last for a few days to weeks, usually mild, but can be distressing)

- Use non-pharmacological approaches to manage insomnia.
- Use behavioural approaches and/or CBTi.

If symptoms relapse, consider:

- Maintaining current BZRA dose for 1 to 2 weeks, then continue to taper at a slow rate.
- Alternative medicines to manage insomnia. Assessment of safety and effectiveness of other insomnia medicines is beyond the scope of this algorithm.

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Algorithm modified from the deprescribing.org original version by SUPPORT-Meds in accordance with the deprescribing.org Team's Modification Policy. Wording, visuals, and recommendations on this version of the algorithm have been modified from the original version. Several elements have been removed for the purposes of this modification.

Original materials available at <https://deprescribing.org/resources/deprescribing-guidelines-algorithms>



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Pottie K, Thompson W, Davies S, Grenier J, Sadowski C, Welch V, Holbrook A, Boyd C, Swenson JR, Ma A, Farrell B. Evidence-based clinical practice guideline for deprescribing benzodiazepine receptor agonists. *Can Fam Physician* 2018;64:339-51 (Eng), e209-24 (Fr)

BZRA = benzodiazepine receptor agonist; CBTi = cognitive behavioural therapy for insomnia

NB1: Recommendations for people younger than 65 years have been omitted from this version of the algorithm.

NB2: Recommendations for BZRA tapering rate have been modified from the original algorithm.

NB3: See the [Sleep Central CBTi directory](#) for help finding a local provider or digital applications.